

Using latexmk with T_EXShop

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1 What is latexmk?

Compiling a tex file containing cross-references, bibliographic references and/or indexes is a multi-pass process; i.e., you've got to run (pdf/x_e)`latex` multiple times with possible intermediate runs of `bibtex` and/or `makeindex` until all references are resolved. The `latexmk perl` program, rewritten and presently maintained by John Collins¹, automates this multi-pass process. By default it first runs (pdf/x_e)`latex` on a source file, determines file dependencies by examining the `log` and `aux` files produced by the run and then automatically runs `bibtex`² and/or `makeindex`, if needed, and the correct number of additional runs of (pdf/x_e)`latex` to generate the bibliography, index and cross-references. Recent versions of `latexmk` also work correctly with the `nomencl` package as well as the `glossary` and `glossaries` packages and other packages that produce multiple bibliographies or indexes.

2 Quick Start!

This section will get you started quickly. Unless you are trying to customize the behavior of the supplied engines or want to use the more esoteric engines this really is all you need!

2.1 Quick Install.

To activate the `latexmk` engine files simply move all the files with extension `.engine` from `~/Library/TeXShop/Engines/Inactive/Latexmk/` two folder levels up, to `~/Library/TeXShop/Engines/`, and (re-)start T_EXShop. (Note: `~/Library/` is the Library folder in your HOME folder.) When you click on the popup engine menu on the Source toolbar the newly enables engines names should appear; see Figure (1) to see how that menu changes. **Note: the engine names will *not* appear in the Typeset Menu.**

2.2 Quick Use.

At the top of your Source file place the line

```
% !TEX TS-program = pdflatexmk
```

to use the `pdflatexmk` engine which will use `pdflatex` to typeset your document. Substitute `latexmk` or `xelatexmk` for `pdflatexmk` to use `latex` or `xelatex` to typeset your Source. From then simply using Typeset→Typeset (Cmd-T) will run through the complete process of fully typesetting your document.

3 What is here?

There is a set of nine engine files to be placed in `~/Library/TeXShop/Engines/`. There is a `tslatexmk` folder already placed in `~/Library/TeXShop/bin/`. The files in that folder consist of the `latexmk` program, nine basic initialization (`rc`) files used by the nine engine files, a common file for personal settings (`latexmkrcDONTedit`) and two shell scripts used for `pdftricks` and `pst-pdf` figure processing. When any of the new engines is first run the `latexmkrcDONTedit` file

¹The `latexmk` web site is <<http://www.phys.psu.edu/~collins/software/latexmk-jcc/>>. You can get the latest version of `latexmk` at <<http://www.phys.psu.edu/~collins/software/latexmk-jcc/versions.html>>.

²As of version 4.22 `latexmk` will automatically choose between running `bibtex` or `biber` as required.

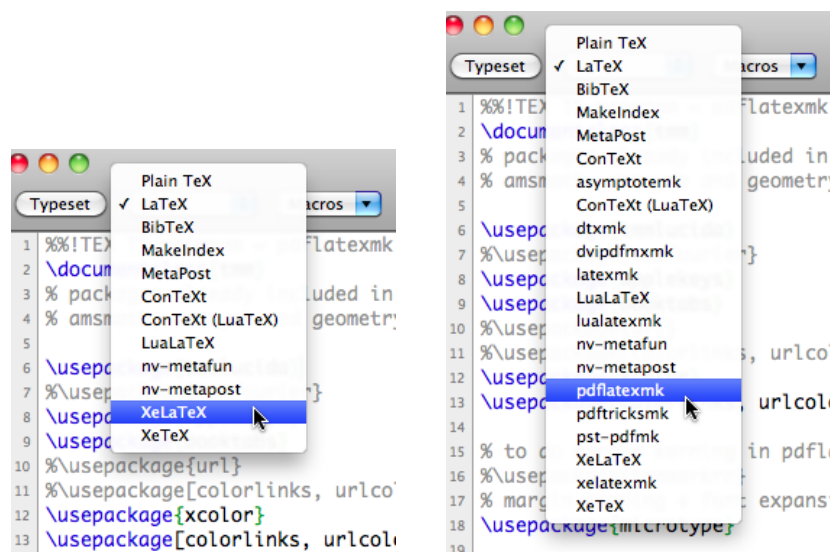


Figure 1: Default and updated versions of the engine pop-up menu after installing the latexmk engines.

will automatically be copied to `~/Library/TeXShop/bin/latexmkrcedit` if it doesn't already exist. You may copy the file there manually if you wish. **Any changes or additions to the configuration (e.g., new dependencies and rules) should be placed in the `laxtexmkrcedit` file. When **T_EXShop** is updated the files in the `~/Library/TeXShop/bin/tSlatexmk` may automatically get updated; don't edit them or your changes may get lost.**

4 Using latexmk with T_EXShop.

NOTE: If you are updating to this version of latexmk for T_EXShop from a previous version you need only activate the engine files, as noted above, and restart T_EXShop after installing the files.

There are nine engine files; two for running latex (one with a final run through dvips and ps2pdf [`latexmk.engine`] and one with a final run through dvipdfmx [`dvipdfmxmk.engine`]), one for using pdflatex [`pdflatexmk.engine`], one for using xelatex [`xelatexmk.engine`], one for using lualatex [`lualatexmk.engine`], two for using the pdftricks or pst-pdf packages with pdflatex [`pdftricksmk.engine` or `pst-pdfmk.engine` respectively] and one for use with files that use the asymptote package [`asymptotemk.engine`]. The final engine is a very basic engine for typesetting dtx files for a package into the final documentation [`dtmxmk.engine`]. The exact form of the commands and options used are in the corresponding rc file (e.g., `latexmkrc` for the `latexmk.engine`) in `~/Library/TeXShop/bin/tSlatexmk/` and shouldn't be changed.

You can use these engine files by using the drop down menu on the source tool bar or placing the line

```
% !TEX TS-program = pdflatexmk
```

(for using pdflatex—similar lines for latex and xelatex, etc.) at the top of your document³; then simply using Typeset (Cmd-T) will automatically run the proper engine. Note: these engines *don't* appear under the Typeset Menu but only under the pop-up menu on the source toolbar. Figure (1) shows the default and updated pop-up menu after installing the latexmk engine files.

Detailed information about using latexmk with the epstopdf, pdftricks and pst-pdf packages is discussed later.

³For the dtmxmk engine the line should be placed just below the initial “% \iffalse” line of the dtx file.

I have only tested these engines with relatively trivial distributed documents (which include other files using `\include` commands) but it appears that `latexmk` deals with them properly. Note that when compiling a file with name `rootname.tex` a file with name `rootname.fdb_latexmk`⁴ is created. This file contains the dependency information for the distributed document so making changes in an included file will force the recompile of the root document by `latexmk`.

4.1 Using the `epstopdf` package with `latexmk`.

4.1.1 A word about MacTeX 2009 & 2010

There are two changes to the graphics sub-system that first appear in MacTeX 2009:

1. The `epstopdf` package now defaults to using the `[update,append]` option. This has consequences if you don't use extensions when you include graphics files in your document.
2. The default conversion is now `foo.eps → foo-eps-converted-to.pdf`⁵ to prevent any problems with overwriting a `foo.pdf`.

The second of the changes to `epstopdf` leads to problems with `latexmk` version 4.08 and earlier since the base file name changes. To make the latest `epstopdf` operate properly with `latexmk` version 4.08 and earlier I suggest creating an `epstopdf.cfg` file, to be placed in `~/Library/texmf/tex/latex/config` and containing the line

```
\epstopdfsetup{update,prepend,prefersuffix=false,suffix=}
```

making `epstopdf` behave as before; the conversion becomes `foo.eps → foo.pdf`. Using `latexmk` version 4.10 or later requires no changes to `epstopdf` behavior but you may still do so if you wish to retain the pre-2009 behavior. You can find out the version number of the `latexmk` program you are using by running the command

```
~/Library/TeXShop/bin/tlatexmk/latexmk -v
```

in Terminal.

Starting with MacTeX 2010 the `graphic(x/s)` package will automatically load the `epstopdf` package if it detects that the file is being compiled using `pdftex` in `pdf` mode (normal for `pdflatex`). You no longer need to explicitly use the `epstopdf` package. Not only that but, if you haven't defined custom conversion and are only trying to convert `eps → pdf` there isn't even a need to use the `-shell-escape` flag: edit the `latexmkrc` file to eliminate it from all of the engines.

4.1.2 Working with `epstopdf`.

Versions of `epstopdf` from 1.5 on will automatically update a previously generated `pdf` file if the corresponding `eps` file is updated⁶. To let `latexmk` “know” that it should allow runs of `pdflatex` if the corresponding `eps` file is updated the necessary `rc` files (the ones that run `pdflatex` rather than `latex`; `pdflatexmkrc`, `pdftricksmkrc`, `pst-pdfmkrc` and `asymptotemkrc`) contain a special dependency and rule

```
add_cus_dep('eps', 'pdf', 0, 'cus_dep_require_primary_run');
```

which passes `latexmk` the proper behavior.

If you are using `epstopdf` 1.5 or later with earlier TeX distributions you should invoke it using the `[update,prepend]` options. For versions of `epstopdf` earlier than 1.5 you should edit the `pdflatexmkrc`, `pdftricksmkrc`, `pst-pdfmkrc` and `asymptotemkrc` files by commenting out the original dependency (place a `#` before the line

⁴The dependency file had extension `dep` in previous versions of `latexmk` but didn't do a complete job of keeping track of those dependencies.

⁵This suffix can be customized.

⁶Versions of `epstopdf` earlier than 1.5 never updated the `pdf` file once it existed.

```
add_cus_dep('eps', 'pdf', 0, 'cus_dep_require_primary_run');
```

in that file) and uncommenting the new dependency (remove the # from the start of the line

```
#add_cus_dep('eps', 'pdf', 0, 'cus_dep_delete_dest');
```

in that same file). This will have latexmk remove the pdf file before running pdf_latex so epstopdf will recreate the pdf file. NOTE: These files may be automatically updated when T_EXShop is updated and you may lose your changes!

In version 1.5 and later of the epstopdf package you can also specify non-default processing for the eps to pdf conversion⁷. Since latexmk lets the epstopdf package to do all of the necessary processing of the eps file any customized processing defined in the tex source file will be used.

4.2 Using the pdftricks package with latexmk.

The pdftricks package allows the inclusion of pstricks graphics in documents compiled with pdf_latex. The package generates a file for each postscript figure included in the document. Each of those figure files is then processed to produce a pdf file containing a figure with a tight enclosing bounding box. The pdftricksmk engine included with this version of latexmk processes the original file, the figure files, etc., all only if they have changed. To use the engine place the line

```
% !TEX TS-program = pdftricksmk
```

at the start of the file and Typeset the file. The processing steps for each of the figure files is latex→dvips→ps2pdf→pdfcrop to ensure the proper bounding box is created for each figure.

NOTE: you must use the [noshell] option to the pdftricks package or latexmk will get into a run-on condition. All figure processing will be taken care of by latexmk.

4.3 Using the pst-pdf package with latexmk.

The pst-pdf package also allows the inclusion of pstricks graphics in documents compiled with pdf_latex. When the source file is compiled with latex a dvi file containing all of the figures is created. Further processing through the sequence dvips→ps2pdf→pdfcrop produces a single file that contains all of the figures with proper bounding boxes. A run of pdf_latex on the source file then includes all of the figures previously generated. The pst-pdfmk engine takes care of all of the intermediate processing of the figures as well as the final run(s) of pdf_latex, etc. To use the engine place the line

```
% !TEX TS-program = pst-pdfmk
```

at the start of the file and Typeset the file.

4.4 The glossary, glossaries and such packages.

Packages that produce multiple and custom indexes, glossaries, etc., use one of two naming schemes for the multiple files they create:

1. The first uses standard extensions but special files names for the generated files. Latexmk can keep track of changes in and “knows” how to process these files. The multibib and multind packages are examples that use this method.
2. The second uses the source file name for the file but uses custom extensions to create the files. Latexmk needs “help” to know how to process these files in the form of dependencies and rules. Dependencies tell latexmk what the input and output extensions are and which rule to use to go from input to output. The index, glossary and glossaries packages are examples that use this second method.

⁷The default processing uses the epstopdf command which, in turn, uses ghostscript.

In addition, while the `glossaries` package supersedes the `glossary` package the order of the file extensions created by `acronym` and `custom lists`, processed by `makeindex` and then read in by subsequent runs of `(xe/pdf) latex` are reversed in the two packages. This latest version of `latexmk` configured for `TEXShop` works correctly for both packages. If you need to create your own custom lists see the examples in the `latexmkrcedit` file for creating dependancies and rules for `latexmk`.

5 What these engines won't do, etc.

There are many features of `latexmk` that aren't used in these simple engine files. See the documentation for `latexmk` in the supplied full distribution.

The placement of the `latexmk` program in `~/Library/TeXShop/bin/tslatexmk/` is non-standard; that directory is not on the standard path. It is possible to put the program in `/usr/local/bin/` or use the version of `latexmk` that is part of `MacTEX-2008` and later and it will then be usable from the command line. If you use the program in one of those locations you should modify the engine files to reflect the change in location.

The contents of the `rc` files corresponds to the the settings for commands for `TEXShop` on my system. They are simply text files. Please read the `latexmk` documentation before changing the contents.

Finally, changes in `eps` files *included in figures* created by the `pdfticks` or `pst-pdf` packages are *not* detected by this packaging `latexmk` at this time. I hope to correct that problem at a later date.

6 Update for T_EXShop 2.18 (and later) with MacT_EX 2008 (ditto).

The `rc` files for this version of `latexmk` for use with `TEXShop` have been updated to allow use of `synctex`, a `tex`↔`pdf` synchronization technology, with `MacTEX-2008` and `TEXShop 2.18`. If you are using `MacTEX-2007` or earlier `TEX` distributions and the inconsequential error message about an unknown option bothers you, remove the `-synctex=1` options provided in the supplied `rc` files.

7 Update for T_EXShop 2.30 (and later).

The `-file-line-error` flag has been set for all compiles in the basic `rc` files. `TEXShop 2.30` and later uses the information provided by this flag to localise the location of compile errors when you use the `Go to Error` command.

8 Update for T_EXShop 2.32 (and later).

Starting with `TEXShop 2.32` when `TEXShop` is updated any updates to the files in the `~/Library/TeXShop/bin/tslatexmk/` folder will automatically be installed. Any changes directly made to those files will be lost. Most of the extra dependencies and rules that were common to all the `rc` files have been moved to the new `~/Library/TeXShop/bin/latexmkrcedit` file and all additional personal dependencies and rules should be moved to that file. The `latexmkrcedit` file will *not* be updated automatically.

Try it... I hope you like it.

Good Luck,
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